

Anti-Conjugated NO-L-Cysteine MOUSE MONOCLONAL AB-T125

Example of ELISA protocol used to test conjugated NO-L-Cystein:

- 1. Coating of conjugated NO-L-Cystein (15μg/ml) in maxisorp well plates (Nunc) with a solution of sodium carbonate buffer 0.05M (pH 9.6), during sixteen hours at 4°C.
- 2. Saturation of well plates with of a solution of PBS (pH 7.3) containing 2.5g/l of BSA (Acros) and 0.05% Tween 20 (Acros) during one hour at 37°C.
- 3. Wash with PBS Tween (two times).
- 4. Anti-conjugated NO-L-Cystein antibody will be diluted (1/1,000-1/5,000) in PBS containing 2.5g/l BSA and 10% of glycerol, 200µl by well plate (incubating during 2 hours at 37°C).
- 5. Wash with PBS Tween (three times).
- 6. 200µl of peroxidase-labeled goat anti-mouse (Sigma) diluted (1/10,000) in a solution of PBS containing 2.5g/l BSA, 10% of glycerol and 0.5% of Tween, will be applied by well plate (during one hour at 37°C).
- 7. Well plates will be rinsed with a PBS Tween (three times).
- 8. And finally the peroxidase will be developed by incubating 200µl by well plate of a citrate 0.1M/phosphate 0.2M (pH 5) solution containing 0.4% of OPD (Sigma) and 0.03% of hydrogen peroxide (Acros) for ten minutes in the dark, after that, we will stop the reaction by the addition of 50µl of 2M HCl.
- 9. The optical density will be measured at 492nm, to obtain the different values (IC 50).



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Example of Immunohistochemistry protocol

Perfusion protocol for Adult male Sprague Dawley (weight around 0.5 kg):

- 1. The animals can be deeply anesthetized for example with urethane (0.5-1.5g/kg, intraperitoneal).
- 2. Heparinized, and perfused via the ascending aorta with 100 ml of cold physiologic saline (0.9% NaCl) and with the following fixative solution:
 - a) 300 ml of cold 4% paraformaldehyde and 2% glutaraldehyde in 0.1 M phosphate-buffer (PB), pH 7.2, (twominutes).
 - b) 600 ml of cold 4% paraformaldehyde and 2% glutaraldehyde in 0.1 M phosphate-buffer (PB), pH 7.2, (tenminutes).
 - c) Dissect out the brain and place in a solution of 4% paraformaldehyde in 0.1M PB, pH 7.2, at 4°C for 12 -16 hours.
 - d) Before the brains are cut on a freezing microtome, treat the brain in growing concentrations of sucrose (a first solution of 5% of sucrose in PBS until brain sinks), after that, repeat the same process in a solution with a higher level of sucrose (10%), 20%, 25% and finally 30%.

Around 50 μ m-thick serial sections should be obtained, kept at 4°C in PBS (0.1 M, pH 7.2) and processed for immunostaining.

Example of immunohistochemical protocol:

- 1. In order to avoid possible interference with endogenous peroxidase, free-floating sections are treated with distilled water containing NH3 (20%), H₂O₂ (30%) and NaOH (1%) for 20 min (another method is using a solution with 33% of H₂O₂ and 66% of methanol).
- 2. Wash the sections for 20 min in 0.15 M phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) (pH 7.2)
- 3. Pre-incubate for 30 min in PBS containing 10% normal horse serum and 0.3% of Triton X-100 (mixed solution).
- 4. Incubate at room temperature (1h 30min) and overnight at 4°C in the same mixed solution containing anti-conjugated NO- L-Cysteine antbody (diluted 1/1,000 to 1/5,000; as recommended dilution).
- 5. Wash the sections in PBS (30 min).
- 6. Incubate for 60 min at room temperature with biotinylated anti-mouse immunogammaglobulin (Vector) diluted 1/200 in PBS.
- 7. Wash the sections in PBS (30 min).
- 8. Incubate sections for 1 h with a 1/100 diluted avidin-biotin-peroxidase complex (Vectastain).
- 9. Wash the sections in PBS (30 min).
- 10. Wash with Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.6 (10 min).
- 11. Develop tissue-bound peroxidase with H₂O₂ using 3, 3' diaminobenzidine as chromogen.
- 12. Rinse sections with PBS and coverslip with PBS/Glycerol (1/1).



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Example of Western blot protocol

Membrane Blocking, Antiboby Incubations and Detection

- 1. Saturate the blot membrane with TBS + 5% Blocker for 1 hour at 37°C while mixing
- 2. Wash the membrane twice for 5 minutes in TBS Tween at 37°C
- 3. Incubate the membrane with anti-NO-L-Cysteine antibody diluted 1:1000 in TBS 0.5% Blocker for 2 hours at 37°C
- 4. Wash the membrane three times for 5 minutes in TBS Tween at 37°C
- 5. Incubate with a biotinylated secondary antibody diluted (1/1,000-1/2,000) in TBS 0.5% Blocker for 2 hours at 37°C
- 6. Wash the membrane three times for 5 minutes in TBS Tween at 37°C
- 7. Incubate with Streptavidin-HRP 1µg/ml in TBS 0.5% Blocker for 2 hours at room temperature
- 8. Wash the membrane three times for 5 minutes in TBS at 37°C
- 9. Incubate in TBS (200ml) + (50mg DAB in 25ml methanol) + (150mg 4-chloro-1-naphtol in 25ml methanol) + 50µl H₂O₂ 30% for a maximum of 30 minutes in the dark
- 10. Stop the reaction by addition of distilled water

Blocker = skim milk (Biorad 170-6404) TBS = 20mM Tris base, 0.5M NaCl, pH 7.5 TBS Tween = TBS + 0.05% Tween 20