

Alexa488-labeled Antibody to Saporin, Affinity-Purified GOAT POLYCLONAL

Catalog Number: Quantity: Format:	FL-15AP 50 micrograms 50% PBS (0.14 M Sodium Chloride; 0.003 M Potassium Chloride; 0.002 M Potassium Phosphate; 0.01 M Sodium Phosphate; pH 7.4), 50% glycerol; no preservative.
Host: Isotype:	Goat IgG
Immunogen:	Saporin

Background:

Saporin is obtained from the seeds of the Soapwort plant (*Saponaria officinalis*), a plant that grows wildly in Britain and other parts of Europe. Saporin is a plant enzyme with N-glycosidase activity that depurinates a specific nucleotide in the ribosomal RNA 28S, thus irreversibly blocking protein synthesis. It belongs to the well-characterized family of ribosome-inactivating proteins (RIPs). There are two types of RIPs: type I, which are much less cytotoxic due to the lack of the B chain and type II, which are distinguished from type I RIPs by the presence of the B chain and their ability to enter cells on their own. However, type I RIPs can still be internalized by fluid-phase endocytosis. Upon internalization, the ribosomes are inactivated, resulting in cell death.

Specificity and Preparation:

This antibody recognizes saporin. Saporin was used as the immunogen. The antibody was affinity-purified against saporin attached to a CnBr-Sepharose support column. It has been conjugated to the fluorescent dye Alexa488. The antibody is routinely tested by Western blot.

Usage and Storage:

Applications include immunoblotting (ATS in-house; 1:1,000).

Gently spin down material before use; 5-10 seconds in a microfuge should be adequate. The material can be handled safely using normal laboratory precautions. See Lot Number for lot-specific storage instructions.

To view protocol(s) for this and other products please visit: www.ATSbio.com/support/protocols